$$(4 + 4 = 8 \text{ points})$$

Part (a)

Prove the following statement: If F and G are first-order formulas and $F \to G$ is satisfiable, then F is not valid or G is satisfiable.

Part (b)

Refute the following statement: If F, G, and H are first-order formulas and $F \lor H \models G \lor H$, then $F \models G$.

(3 + 3 + 2 = 8 points)**Problem 2** (Ordered resolution with selection) Let $\Sigma = (\Omega, \Pi)$ be a signature with $\Omega = \{a/0, b/0, c/0, g/1, f/2\}$ and $\Pi =$ $\{p/2, q/2, r/2\}$. Let N be the following set of clauses:

$$p(g(z), z) \tag{1}$$

$$\boxed{\neg p(x,y)} \lor \neg p(x,a) \lor r(y,y)$$
(2)
$$q(x,x)$$
(3)

q(x,x)

$$\neg q(b,b) \lor \left[\neg r(b,c) \right]$$

$$\neg q(f(a,z),z) \lor \neg r(c,c)$$
(4)
(5)

$$\neg q(g(a), g(y)) \lor \neg r(b, y) \tag{6}$$

Suppose that an atom ordering \succ is defined in such a way that $p(\ldots) \succ$ $q(\ldots) \succ r(\ldots)$, and that the selection function S selects the framed literals.

Part (a)

If one saturates N with respect to the ordered resolution calculus with selection Res_{S}^{\succ} , then there is no inference between clauses (3) and (4) and no inference between clauses (3) and (5). Why? Explain briefly.

Part (b)

How many Res_S^{\succ} -inferences with premises in N are possible? What are their conclusions?

Part (c)

Saturate N with respect to Res_S^{\succ} . (Note: Compute only those inferences that are necessary according to the definition of $\operatorname{Res}_S^{\succ}$ on slides 106 and 107.)

Problem 3 (Prolog)

Let l be a list. A *splitting* of l is a list of lists $l' = [l_1, \ldots, l_n]$ with the following properties:

- none of the lists l_i is empty,
- the concatenation of all lists l_1, \ldots, l_n equals l.

(For instance, the empty list [] has one splitting, namely [], the list [a] has one splitting, namely [[a]], the list [a,b,c] has four splittings, namely [[a],[b],[c]], [[a],[b,c]], [[a,b],[c]], and [[a,b,c]].) Implement a Prolog predicate sp(l,l') that computes all splittings l' of a list l. You may use the predefined predicate append.

Compute the canonical model of the following logic program:

$$p(f(f(a))).$$
$$p(b).$$
$$p(X) \leftarrow p(f(X)).$$

Problem 5 (LTL)

(7 points)

(7 points)

Let M = (S, x, L) be a linear time structure. Prove: $M, x \models \mathsf{F}p$ holds if and only if $M, x \models (\neg p) \cup p$ holds.

Problem 6 (CTL)

(7 points)

Give an example of a CTL state formula φ such that $M, s_0 \models \varphi$, but $M', s'_0 \not\models \varphi$.

